

***Gomphidius vinicolor* n. sp.**

Pileus thick, fleshy, convex or nearly plane, viscid, dark red, becoming blackish in drying; lamellae distant, decurrent, olive brown or blackish when mature; stem subequal, glabrous, solid, vinous red, paler within; spores oblong-fusiform, .0007 to .0008 in. long, .00024 to .0003 broad.

Pileus 1 to 2.5 in. broad; stem 1.5 to 2.5 in. long, 2 to 4 lines thick.

Under pine trees. Lake Mohonk. October.

This species is closely related to *Gomphidius roseus*, from which it differs in the color of the stem, lamellae and flesh. The gluten of the pileus becomes blackish in drying and sometimes separates in a radiating manner, revealing the reddish color of the surface of the

pileus. The mature lamellae appear velvety when viewed by the aid of a lens. This is due to the abundance of the prominent spores that cover their surfaces.